Math 454, Home Work

(I) Answer the following questions for the equation

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -x + y + x^2 + xy + x^3, \qquad \frac{dy}{dt} = x - y + x^2 + xy + y^3.$$

- (a) Is this a one-zero eigenvalue case at (0, 0)?
- (b) Use a linear change of variables to turn this equation into standard form.
- (c) Calculate the leading term of the center manifold.
- (d) Determine the stability of (0, 0).

(II) Determine the stability of given equations at (0,0) by first calculate the leading term of the center manifold.

(a) $\frac{dx}{dt} = -x^2 - y^2$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -y$. (b) $\frac{dx}{dt} = x^3 - y^2$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -y + x^2$. (c) $\frac{dx}{dt} = y$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -y + x^2$.

(III) Show that the equilibrium point at (0,0) of the system

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = xy + ax^3 + bxy^2, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -y + cx^2 + dx^2y$$

is (a) asymptotically stable if a + c < 0, and (b) asymptotically unstable if a + c > 0.

(IV) Consider the system

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -x^3, \qquad \frac{dy}{dt} = -y + x^2.$$

- (a) Write $h(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_n x^n$. Calculate h_n for all n.
- (b) Determine the radius of convergence of h(x) obtained in (a).

(c) Is (0,0) a stable or unstable fix point?