RV Catalog, Math 464/564, Spring 07

μ is the mean, σ^2 is the variance, $M(t) = E[e^{tX}]$ is the moment generating function.

Binomial (2 parameters, $p \in [0,1]$ and positive integer n) :

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \ldots, n$$

$$\mu = np, \quad \sigma^2 = np(1-p), \quad M(t) = (pe^t + 1 - p)^n$$

Geometric (1 parameter $p \in (0,1]$) :

$$P(X = k) = p(1-p)^{k-1}, \quad k = 1, 2, \ldots$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{p}, \quad \sigma^2 = \frac{1-p}{p^2}, \quad M(t) = \frac{pe^t}{1 - (1-p)e^t}$$

Poisson (1 parameter $\lambda > 0$) :

$$P(X = k) = \frac{e^{-\lambda}\lambda^k}{k!}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \ldots \qquad \mu = \lambda, \quad \sigma^2 = \lambda, \quad M(t) = \exp(\lambda(e^t - 1))$$

Negative binomial (2 parameters, $p \in [0,1]$ and positive integer n) :

$$P(X = k) = \binom{k-1}{n-1} p^n (1-p)^{k-n}, \quad k = n, n+1, n+2, \ldots$$

$$\mu = \frac{n}{p}, \quad \sigma^2 = \frac{n(1-p)}{p^2}, \quad M(t) = \left[\frac{pe^t}{1 - (1-p)e^t}\right]^n$$

Exponential (1 parameter, $\lambda > 0$) :

$$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, \quad x \geq 0, \qquad \mu = \frac{1}{\lambda}, \quad \sigma^2 = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}, \quad M(t) = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda - t}$$

Normal (2 parameters, μ and $\sigma^2 > 0$) :

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), \qquad M(t) = \exp(\mu t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 t^2)$$

The standard normal is the special case of $\mu = 0, \sigma = 1$.

Gamma (2 parameters, $\lambda > 0$, $w > 0$):

$$f(x) = \frac{\lambda^w}{\Gamma(w)} x^{w-1} e^{-\lambda x}, \quad x \geq 0$$

$$\mu = \frac{w}{\lambda}, \quad \sigma^2 = \frac{w}{\lambda^2}, \quad M(t) = \left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda - t}\right)^w$$

Uniform on $[a, b]$:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}, \quad a \leq x \leq 1, \qquad \mu = \frac{a+b}{2}, \qquad \sigma^2 = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}, \qquad M_X(t) = \frac{e^{tb} - e^{ta}}{t(b-a)}$$