## MAT244 - Fall 2016 - Term Test 1

Problem 1 Find the solution of the following problem

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
y^{\prime}+4 y=x e^{x} \\
y(0)=1
\end{array}\right.
$$

Problem 2 Solve the following problem

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
y(x+y)+(x y+1) y^{\prime}=0 \\
y(0)=e
\end{array}\right.
$$

given that the equation has an integrating factor of the form $\mu=\mu(y)$.
Problem 3 Consider the following Bernoulli problem

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
y^{\prime}+y=r(x) y^{2} \\
y(0)=1
\end{array}\right.
$$

where $r(x)$ is

$$
r(x)= \begin{cases}1 & x \leq 1 \\ 0 & x>1\end{cases}
$$

1. Find the solution for $x \leq 1$.
2. Assuming that the solution is continuous at $x=1$, use the result of part (1) to find the solution to the problem for $x>1$.

Problem 4 Consider the equation $y^{\prime}=y-y^{3}$.
i. Find all equilibria of the equation.
ii. Draw the phase line and determine stability of each equilibrium.
iii. Sketch in the $x y$-plane the graphs of solution satisfying conditions $y(0)=2, y(0)=-2$, and $y(0)=\frac{3}{4}$.

Problem 5 Solve the following equation

$$
y^{\prime}=\frac{y-x}{y+x+2} .
$$

Hint: you can use the axis translation $X=x+1$ and $Y=y+1$.

